

# DYMAS

## 24 bit Dynamic Monitoring System



### DYNAMIC MONITORING OF CIVIL AND INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES

- Rugged, small, low power
- From 3 to 96 channels
- 24 bit multichannel sampling
- 10 Hz – 10 KHz sample rate
- Bandwidth DC - 8 kHz
- Continuous and/or triggered recording
- Built-in calibration function
- 2 Gb internal memory for 6 channels group
- Geophones and/or accelerometers connection

**DYMAS** high resolution dynamic acquisition system can operate as vibrational or microseismic unit in standalone or multi-station configuration. They fully respect international standards DIN4150-3, DIN45669-1 e UNI9916 requirements.

**DYMAS** typical employing is dynamic monitoring of civil and industrial structures as bridges, viaducts, chimneys, plants for rock noise and movements caused by natural seismic events or generated during excavation or blasting.

DYMAS is integrated with **VIBROSOFT** configuration, communication, processing and visualization software.

# DYMAS

## 24 bit Dynamic Monitoring System

### Technical features

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<b>System</b>	
Input channels	From 1 to 6 sensor channels digital recorder each unit, till to 96 channels
Configuration	Standalone or multi-station network
Timing	Internal RTC updated via GPS or remote control – simultaneous sampling
Triggering mode	Threshold level and/or STA/LTA, selectable for each channel
Recording mode	Internal/external trigger, continuous, time or remote, selectable post-trigger length Recording of weighted pick values (min-Max), according to DIN 4150 part II, selectable from 1 to 100 s
Data storage	2 Gb internal memory card for 6 channel group (till to 32GB optional)
Diagnostics	Battery voltage, temperature, sensors test
Power consumption	1 W for 6 channel group (active)
Communication	Ethernet TCP/IP via cable/wireless, modem, GPS, USB2.0

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<b>24 bit module</b>	
Converter	Individual 24-bit Sigma/Delta per each channel, with DSP each 6 channels, integrated digital antialiasing filter
Channels	6 channels each unit
Input level	5Vpp, 20Vpp, differential Input
Calibration	Built-in
Sampling	Selectable from 10 Hz to 10,000 Hz
Bandwidth	DC – 8,000 Hz
Dynamic range	> 122 dB
Programmable gain (per channel)	1-2-4-8-16-32-64-128
Filter Anti Aliasing	Digital Filter FIR . Frequency attenuation by Nyquist (1/2 sample rate) >-120dB, cut frequency 0,4 of sample rate

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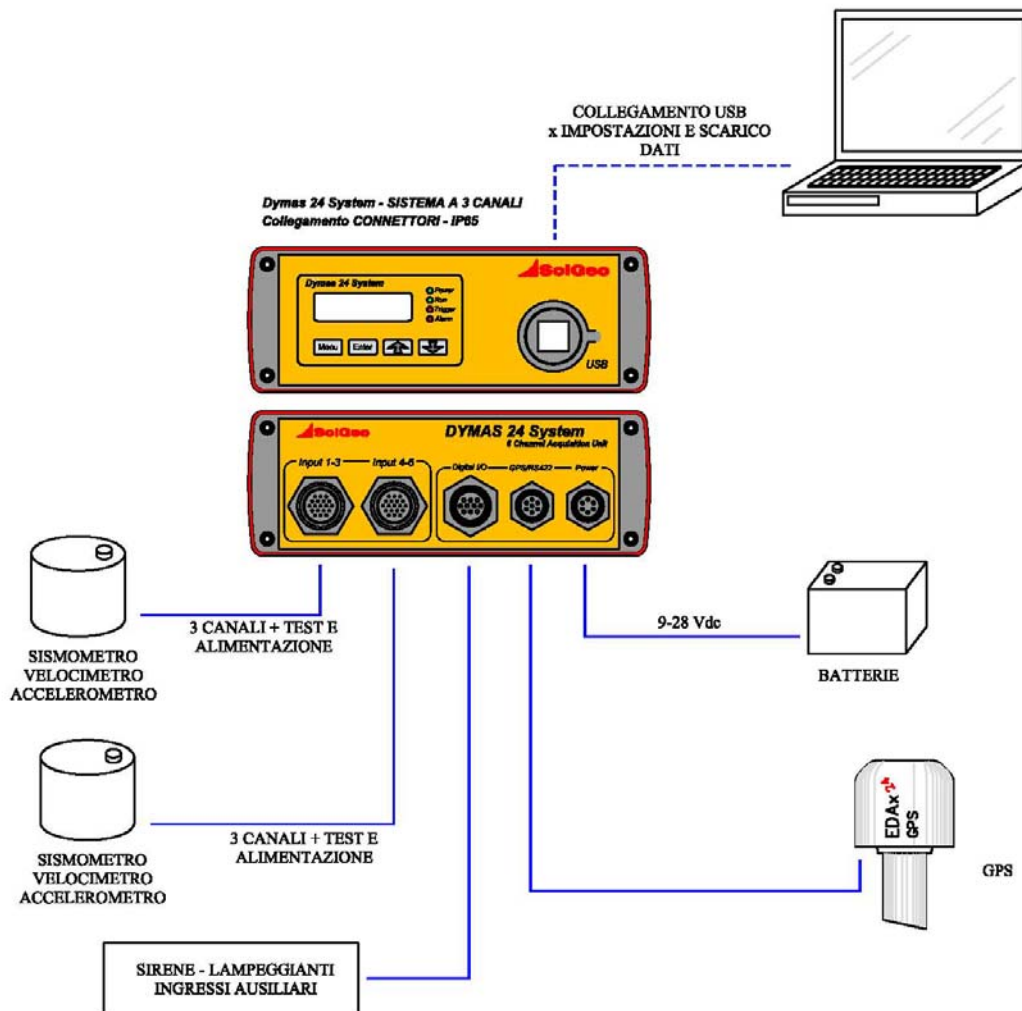
<b>External interfaces</b>	
Ethernet	RJ-45 configuration via pc or remote connection
GPS antenna	GPS time synchronization, RS-422 interface
Power	3VDC to 30 VDC (adapter 120/240 V AC optional), automatic turn OFF when battery <10,2 V, turn ON >11,8V
Seismic sensors	Seismometers, Accelerometers Force Balance, ICP, piezoelectrics, MEMS, Geophones,
Other sensors (optional)	Extensometer, termocouples, hydrophones, piezometers
Other interfaces	USB/ RS-232/RS-422/ modem

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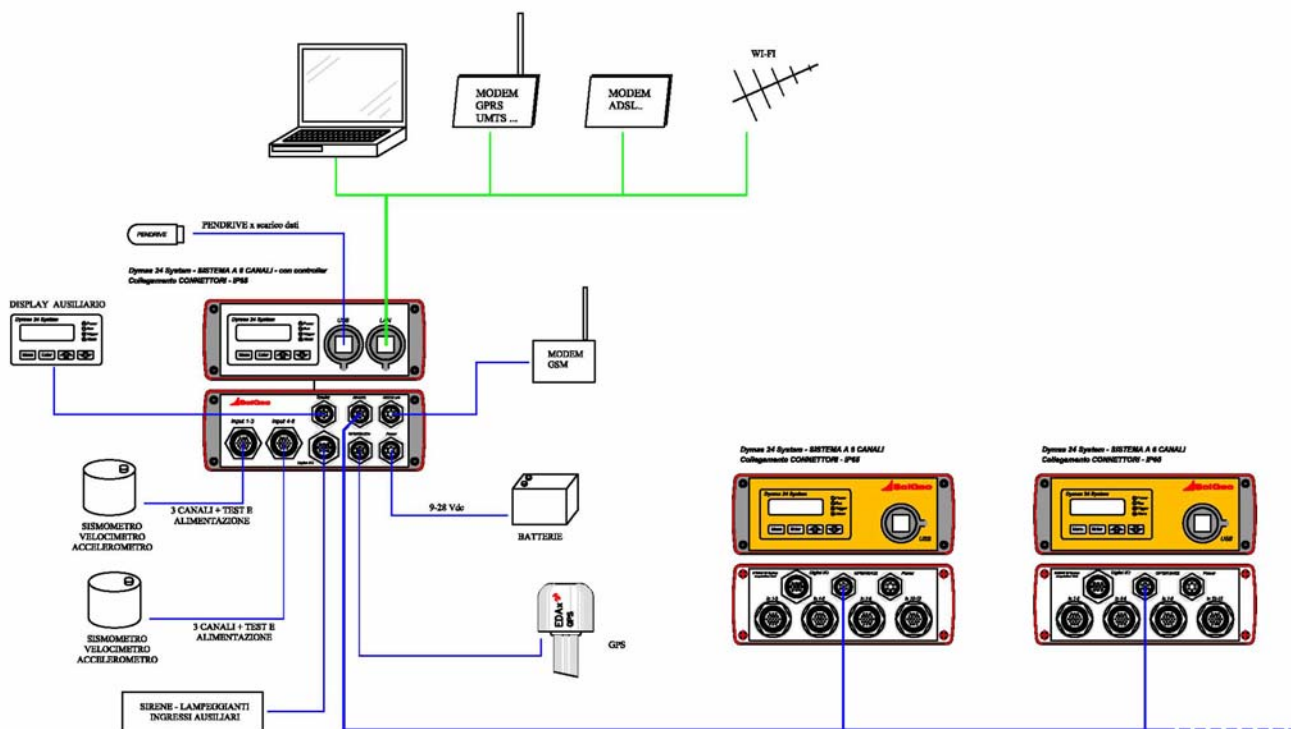
<b>Physical characteristics</b>	
Temperature	-20 °C - +50 °C
Dimensions (LxWxH)	25 cm x 21 cm x 7,5 cm ( 6 channels )
Weight	3,50 kg ( 6 channels )

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## CONFIGURATION SINGLE UNIT



# CONFIGURATION IN NETWORK








# Ultrasonic system CMS



# MANUAL

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## 1. General characteristics

The **SolGeo ultrasonic CMS System Unit** measures with high precision the propagation time (First Break Pick) through various materials of high velocity, compression waves (P waves). Waves with low velocity response can also be measured by using the Hammer-Transducer encompassed with the System Unit. The set-up of the measurement can be direct, semi-direct or indirect.

The main components of the SolGeo ultrasonic CMS Measurement System are:

- 1xCentral Data Acquisition Unit with HP-IPAQ PDA and the pre-installed SolGeo-PocketSonic Software
- 2xEmitters - Piezoelectric transducer > 1,6 kV, 55kHz, 20kHz
- 1xHammer – Piezoelectric transducer for low frequency (sonic) signals
- 1xReceiver – piezoelectric transducer: 55 kHz (optional il 20-80 kHz)
- 1xCD-ROM with SolGeo-DATASONIC Software for usage on Desk- or Lap-Top PC's

The proprietary software SolGeo-PocketSonic is pre-installed on the PDA, integrated within the Central Data Acquisition Unit and allows to display, to compute and to directly store all acquired data. In addition, the dynamic elastic Young-module:  $E_d$  can be readily computed and stored, by introducing the corresponding material density values as well as the relevant Poisson Coefficient.

The PDA device can be easily carried-on during the measurement process. Thank to the Bluetooth connection, the unit can be used up to a distance of 30m from the Central Data Acquisition Unit. The acquired data can be synchronized and transferred to any PC by using either the built-in RS232 or the USB or the Bluetooth interface.

The pulse's transmission power of the highly sensitive active piezoelectric receivers with 55 kHz (optional 20-80kHz) resonance frequency allows undertaking measurements on sample materials in a lab environment or directly on construction sites.

The Central Data Acquisition Unit contains, besides the electronic circuitry to generate high tension pulses for the transmitter and the treatment of the signal coming from the receiver, an A/D digitalization board. The system, operating at a sampling frequency of 1.25 MHz allows digitalizing the full wave profile of the acquired signal and displaying it as with an oscilloscope on a time-amplitude diagram.

The transmitter sensor is equipped with a push-button allowing to remote control the Data Acquisition Central Unit for starting the measurement, for storing the measured data and for resetting the unit for a new measurement. This procedure allows remote operation of the Central Unit whilst conducting measurements at a distance of about 30m from the Central Unit itself. Furthermore this set-up allows operating the system by only one person.

In addition to the pre-installed proprietary SolGeo-PocketSonic Software for PDA's, the system is delivered with a CD-Rom with proprietary software for usage with PC's. The SolGeo-DATASONIC software, allows to down-load, to compute and to display the acquired data on PC's. Additionally by inserting data's acquired with a SCHMIDT-Hammer device together with the relevant coefficients it is possible to compute the concrete's samples resistance coefficients by mean of the SONREB methodology.

The data can furthermore be exported in ASCII format to be made accessible to commercial post-treatment programs like, e.g. MATLAB.



## 1.1. Technical Spec's CMS System

- **Converter type** A/D, 12 bit converter
- **Display range** +/- 2.5 Volt
- **Amplification** Software driven; selectable gains: x 10, x 100, x 1000, x 5000.
- **Acquisition frequency** From 50Khz to 1.25Mhz
- **Acquisition Buffer** -Standard 2048 samples (optional up to 8192 samples)  
-Duration of Acquisition from 1.6 ms to 40ms.
- **I/O between Central Unit & internal PDA** Standard multi-purpose connector with direct insertion into the PDA:  
- I/O Central Unit – PDA: Bluetooth, reach about 30 m.  
- Internal PDA battery reloading .
- **I/O between Central Unit & external PC** Surface mounted connector Type DB15:  
- I/O Central Unit - PC (use without PDA): RS232 serial type, baud rate selectable from 1200 to 115.000 bps.  
- USB I/O to transfer data from the internal PDA to an external PC.
- **Power Supply** VDE connector 110 a 240Vac 50-60Hz:
  - Internal battery recharging unit: 500mA.
  - Internal PDA Power Supply: 5Vdc, 2A.
  - Internal battery: 12V, 3.2Ah.
  - Stand-by: 50 hours, in operation: 10 hours.
  - Total recharging time: 8 hours.
- **Transducers**
  - Receivers: Piezoelectric type, 55 kHz resonance frequency, optional 20-80 kHz, internally pre-amplified Receiver - 20 dB.
  - Transmitter: Piezoelectric type: Voltage for transmission pulse: 1,6 kV with push-button trigger for remote control functions, data acquisition functions, signal freeze and storage of data for data profile management.
  - Ready for use with piezoelectric Hammer Transducer for low frequency signal measurements.
- **Case**
  - Waterproof, standard IP67
  - Shock resistant and non-corroding.
  - Equipped with pressure gauge.
  - Pre-installed PDA attachment and external PC connectivity
  - Dimensions 270W x 240D x 170H
  - Weight 5 Kg without sensors

## 1.2. Characteristics of the piezoelectric Receiver

- **Frequency Range**    1kHz – 70kHz
  - **Amplification**        Preamplifier 20 dB – Gains software driven: x10,x100,x1000,x5000.
  - **Weight**                760 gr.
  - **Dimension**            Ø:50 mm x l:75 mm
- 



Receiver RSG-55

### 1.3. Characteristics of the piezoelectric Transmitter

- Frequenza impulso	TSG55 = 55KHz	TSG-Hi20 = 20 KHz
- Transmission Pulse, Voltage	1,6kV	1.6kV
- Energy	approx. 0,05 Joule	approx.0,2 Joule
- Weight	770 gr.	1450 gr
- Dimension	Ø:50mm x l:75 mm	Ø:66 mm x l:100 mm



Transmitter TSG-55



Transmitter TSG-Hi20

#### 1.4. Characteristics of the HAMMER-Transducer

The HAMMER-Transducer equipping the CMS System is meant for use when the energy of the piezoelectric transmitters TSG-55 & TSG-Hi20 is not sufficient to trespass the material under inspection. In such circumstances the arriving signal is too weak to be correctly analyzed and the First Break Pick time can hardly be determined.

The signal produced with the help of the HAMMER-Transducer is characterized by low frequency and high energy.

This device is therefore ideal for usage on materials with low propagation characteristics (like “monumental” masonry) and/or materials of very large size.



## 2. Preamble

### 2.1. Identification of the Central Acquisition Unit and its Accessories

The Central Acquisition Unit, the transducers and the PDA are labelled by an ID-label and a Serial-Number. For connection cables and other accessories the serial number is not contemplated.

Model	Description	Serial-Number, location & version	Comments
CMS V3HLF	Central Acquisition Unit, version 3	SG02.00xx, front side	
IPAQ 2190	PDA, HP IPAQ series hx2100 256Mb	Under the battery	HP product
PocketSonic	PDA Software	In the menu "Info"	
DataSonic System	PC Software	In the menu "Info"	
TSG-55	Piezoelectric transmitter 55 KHz	TSG55sn.03T0xx, front side	
RSG-55	Preamplifier piezoelectric receiver 55KHZ	RSG55sn.03R0xx, front side	
TSG-Hi20	Piezoelectric transmitter 20 KHz	TSG-Hi20sn.04T0xx, front side	Opzionale
03HXX	Hammer	sn. 03H0xx, hammer handle	
	Connection cable RG-58 through hammer and central acquisition unit.		
	PDA/Bluetooth/Universal Connector-Cable		
	Connection cable PC ↔ central acquisition unit.		

### 2.2. Precautions

Some precautions to be observed when using the acquisition system.



- Connect and Disconnect the PDA/Bluetooth/Universal Connector-Cable only **when Central Unit is switched off.**
- During operation of the transmitting transceiver a 1,6 kV pulse is generated. **Always be certain that the connection cable and the connectors are not damaged before operations.**
- **Connect or disconnect the Unit from the Power Supply only when System is switched to OFF.**
- By rapid changes in Temperature, before powering-ON the Acquisition System make sure that **no condensation** in the connectors has developed.

## 2.3. Connections

Before operating the CMS Central Unit make sure that the transducers cable are connected to the corresponding connector:

- The Transducer (Transmitter), model **TSG-XX** has to be connected to the “**TRANSMITTER/HAMMER**” connector.
- The transducer (receiver), model **RSG-XX** has to be connected to the “**RECEIVER**” connector.

By using the PDA in “**remote**” mode (disconnected from the Central Unit) do not disconnect from the Central Unit the PDA/Bluetooth/Universal Connector-Cable otherwise the Bluetooth connectivity will be disabled.

## 2.4. Battery and Fuses

Position the PDA with the help of the Velcro strip and connect it with the PDA/Bluetooth/Universal Connector-Cable to insure battery recharging.

**The PDA unit will still be recharged either if the CMS Central Unit is connected or not to the power supply net.**

The CMS Central Unit is generally operated by using its internal battery.

When attached to the Net and the power switch (  **0**  **1** ) is “1”, the internal battery of the Unit are under re-charge. Leaving the unit attached for longer than 24 hours to the power supply net does not harm the internal battery.

To preserve duration of the battery make sure that the battery is charged completely at least once every three months during 8 hours.

When the Unit is switched to “1”, the red light of the switch has to be lit. Should this not be the case make sure that the device fuse (fast, 500mA) is integer, otherwise exchange it by using the spare fuse contained in the fuse section of the VDE connector of the Central Unit.

## 2.5. “ON/OFF”-pushbutton and Signals

### 2.5.1. ON/OFF –pushbutton

Switch the Central Unit “ON” by pressing the ON-button: “**Power Status**” and “**Stand by**” leds will illuminate.

Switch the Central Unit “OFF” by pressing the OFF-button. All led have to switch-off as well.

### 2.5.2. Signals

Three main led-lights:

#### Led “Power Status”

This led indicates the power supply status of the Central Unit:

- **lit up:** The Central Unit is ON and working and the internal battery is fully loaded.
- **flashing:** The Central Unit is ON and working the internal battery is “LOW”.  
As soon as the internal battery voltage reaches a “LOW-est threshold level”, the internal firmware to the Central Unit will automatically shut-down the System.
- **off:** The Central Unit is shutting down or is already “OFF”.

#### Led “Stand by”

In order to protect the battery, the High-Voltage generator is switched-off after 15 seconds of inactivity.

The “stand by” led is also switched-off, signalling that the unit is not operational. (“INACTIVE”)

When the sensor: HAMMER-Transceiver has been selected on the PDA’s PocketSonic software, the “stand by led” will permanently be lit (“ACTIVE”).

#### Led “Arm”

This led is flashing during the short duration of the data acquisition. (measurements operation)

When the sensor: HAMMER-Transceiver has been selected on the PDA PocketSonic software, the “Arm led” will permanently be lit (“ACTIVE”), waiting for the impact trigger from the HAMMER-Transceiver.

The led flashes when the HAMMER-Transceiver impacts,

### 3. Start Operation

Before starting the Central Unit make sure that the PDA/Bluetooth/Universal Connector-Cable is inserted, to make sure that the Bluetooth transponder is ready for operation.

Start the Central Unit by pressing the ON button. The led “**Power Status**” & “**Stand by**” will lighten to signal operation readiness.

#### 3.1. Operation of the PDA with the pre-loaded PocketSonic software

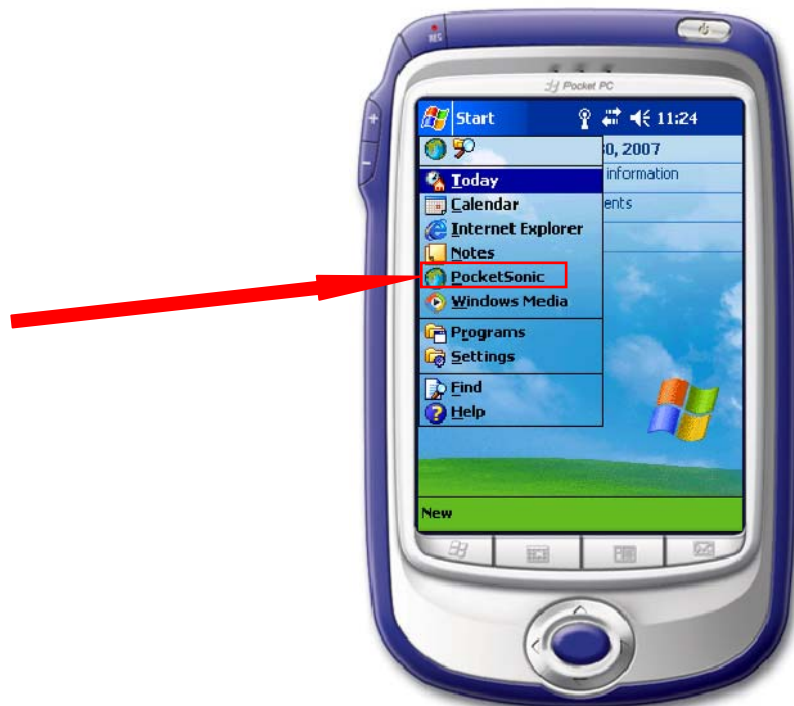
##### 3.1.1. Switching “ON” and “OFF” the PDA

Switch the PDA “ON”. If the PDA is attached to the PDA/Bluetooth/Universal Connector-Cable it will switch-on automatically. Select “**Start**” from the starting Menu to initiate the execution of the “**PocketSonic**” Program.

Make sure that software program is correctly terminated before switching “OFF” the PDA, otherwise a RESET of the PDA will be necessary.

The operating status of the PDA is automatically saved when the system is switched-off and restarted when the system is switched-on.

##### 3.1.2. Starting Page of the Interface Software






##### 3.1.3. Selecting “PocketSonic” .....



..... the start-page of the program will be opened:



The main functions represented on the screen are:

-  **Acquisition** Starts the Data Acquisition function
-  **Archive** Management of the Storing of data and measurements profiles  
(See also paragraph 5 page 32)
-  **Exit** Ends the execution of the program

**Lower Menu-Bar:**

- **Configurations** Selection of extended calibration parameters
- **Info** Program version

## 4. Data Acquisition - Function

Starting the signal's acquisition function.

The Bluetooth connection is automatically activated. (The PDA/Bluetooth/Universal Connector-Cable has to be always inserted in its socket whilst operating the PDA in Bluetooth connection mode).

A) Verification of the correct "activation" of the Bluetooth connection:

- 1) The "blue-led" on the PDA/Bluetooth/Universal Connector-Cable inserted connector has to be lit.
- 2) No "CONNECTION ERROR"- message on the screen

B) The Bluetooth connection is not correctly "activated":

- 1) Message: "CONNECTION ERROR" will appear
- 2) Acknowledge the error message and "EXIT" the program
- 3) Select "RESET" (The PDA will reset)
- 4) On the Central Unit: press "OFF" and subsequently press "ON".
- 5) Verify that on the starting screen the "ANTENNA"-Icon is not crossed with a red "X"
- 6) Should the "ANTENNA"-Icon be crossed, than select it to activate the function.
- 7) The Bluetooth set-up screen will appear
- 8) Select the Bluetooth Symbol button.
- 9) Wait until the button turns "GREEN"
- 10) Leave by pressing OK
- 11) Go to: **3. Start Operation** (see page 12) and follow the start-up procedure anew.

4.1.  **Data Acquisition Function – initial screen:**



4.1.1. **Setting of the Acquisition Parameters:**

- **Pre-defined configuration mode** (Standard operational mode)  
This selection allows switching from **manual** to **pre-defined measurements values** (of various specimen).

By selecting a pre-defined value, the values for frequency, amplification and acquisition time are automatically set.

Selection of Pre-defined Mode	Length of the test specimen	Sampling Frequency (kHz)	Acq. time (µsec)	Gain (x)
Short Specimen	5 - 30 cm	1250	800	10
Medium Specimen	30 – 100cm	1000	1000	100
Long Specimen	> 100cm	250	4000	1000

**Table 1: Pre-defined measurementsValues**

- **Power**  
Allows, selecting the power setting of the Transmitting Transducer.  
This function is helpful for avoiding saturation at the Receiving Transducer during the measurement of small specimen.  
Transmitting Power is varied by moving the cursor button from minimum (left) to maximum (right).  
The power setting is only active when the option “**Amplification**” is set to “**LOW POWER**”.

- **Amplification**

Allows the setting of the amplification level to which the analogical signal is submitted to before being converted into digital. This method allows the optimal exploitation of the internal 12-bit sampler within the +/- 2.5V range, even by very weak signals.

5 different amplification levels can be selected: Low Power, 20, 40, 60 or 70 dB.

The amplification level will vary according to the different materials to be investigated.

The selection of the amplification value can also be changed during the acquisition of the signal by mean of a selection button on the acquisition screen-mask.

The scale for amplitude values is absolute and corresponds to the voltage values of the output signal from the Receiver.

- **Sampling Frequency**

It allows the manual selection of the most opportune sampling frequency in relation to the desired acquisition time.

The manual selecting of the sampling frequency entails the automatic selection of the maximum number of samples available (standard: 2048).

- **Acquisition time  $\mu$ s**

Selects the duration of signal acquisition.

To illustrate the arrival time of a signal, together with the maximum frequency allowing for an acceptable graphic representation.

The table hereunder displays acquisition time in relation to the acquisition frequency selected.

Acquisition (sampling) Frequency (kHz)	Resolution ( $\mu$ sec) (sampling time)	Maximum Acquisition time ( $\mu$ sec)
<i><math>F_s</math></i>	<i><math>T_s = 1/F_s</math></i>	<i><math>T_{acqmax.} = T_s \times 2048</math></i>
1250	0,8	1600
1000	1	2000
500	2	4000
250	4	8000
200	5	10000
100	10	20000
50	20	40000

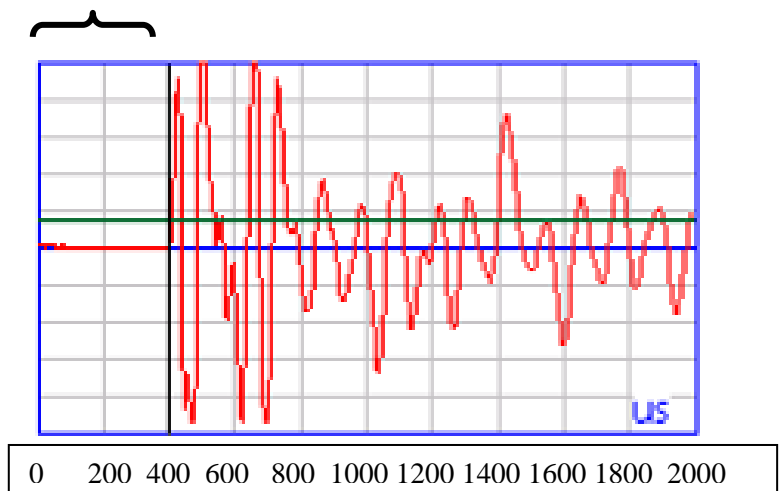
**Table 2: Acquisition time  $\leftrightarrow$  frequencies (standard 2048).**

First Break Pick of compression waves P (msec)	Max . Signal Freq. (kHz)
<b><math>250 \times T_s</math></b> (where 250 approx.10% of 2048)	<b><math>F_{max} = F_s/5</math></b>
0,2	250
0,25	200
0,5	100
1	50
1,25	40
2,5	20
5	10

Table 1b: Recommended



First Break Pick  
= 0,25 msec



$T_{acqmax}$

First Break Pick = 0,25 msec

$T_{acqmax} = 2000 \mu\text{sec}$

$T_s = 1 \mu\text{sec} ; F_s = 1000 \text{ kHz} ; F_{max} = 200 \text{ kHz}$

- **Transmitter**

Selects the type of Transmitter to be used:

- **Sensor** (TSG-xxx)

Standard piezoelectric transducer emitting continuously energy pulses.

- **Hammer**

By selecting “Hammer” the Central Unit is in permanent stand-by for the hammer-blow trigger signal from the “Hammer”.

The led “ARM” lightens. After every hammer-blow trigger, the Central Unit rearms automatically.

**At the End of the setting of the Acquisition Parameters press OK.**



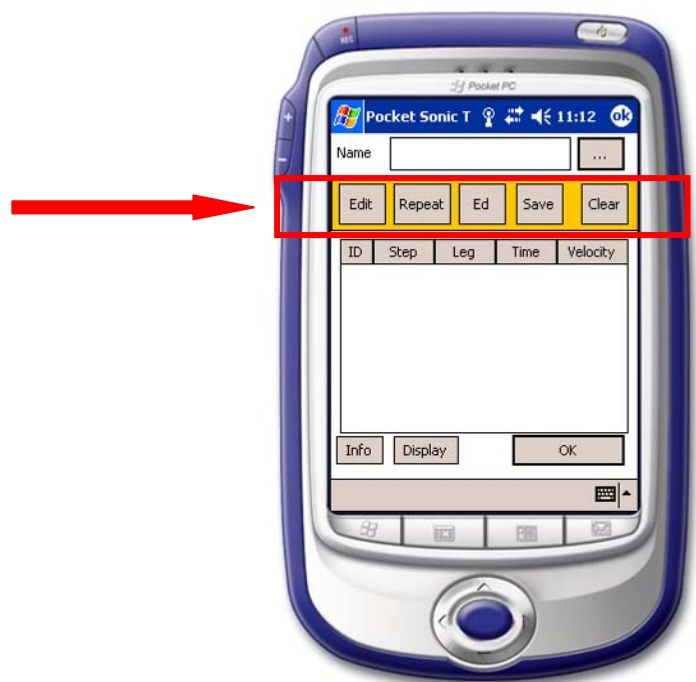
#### 4.1.2. **Data Acquisition Function - Data and Acquisition Profile Management**

All data related to acquired data profiles, their measurements and related characteristics are stored temporarily in a file: **Temp.prf.** under: **\MyDocuments\**

For every measurement, all data related to the digitalized signal are stored in a file: **Temp\_XXX.prs** where xxx is given by the index **ID** of the measurement.

When the Data and Acquisition Profile Management page is accessed, all information (contained in a file: **Temp.prf**) related to the done profile measurements are displayed:

**The display:**



**ID:**

Is an automatic incremented number for the identification of every measurement. This index is the “xxx” characterising the file containing the digitalized signal.

**Step:**

This parameter allows introducing, either the intermediate distance between measurements of a profile or the identification number of a test on a specimen.

All measurements related to the same measurement point shall be related to the same step. For every new measurement, the value of “step” is automatically set to zero. To set a value: see paragraph “EDIT” (see 4.3.1 page 26).

**Leg:**

Represents the distance between Transmitter and Receiver. The “leg” of the signal traversing material. This value can be modified: see paragraph “EDIT” (see 4.3.1 page 26).

**Time:**

Represents the First Break Pick time value of the measure displayed. This value cannot be edited it can only be varied by repeating the measurement.

**Velocity:**

It is the value computed as the ratio between the distance “**Leg**” and the “**Time**” of a measurement. This value is automatically computed.

All measurements within a profile-file can be edited and repeated. **A single measurement cannot be eliminated from the profile-file. Changing a single measurement (ID-xxx) is possible only through the new acquisition of the same (ID-xxx) measurement.**

To secure a correct interpretation of the measurement’s data by the DataSonic software when down-loaded from the PDA onto the PC, it is recommended to observe the following guidelines:

- To eliminate an intermediate measurement: Set the values for “**Leg**” (distance) and “**Step**” to zero.
- Whilst acquiring **profiles**; insert the same value for **Step** for the first measurement point and the subsequent ones.
- In case of several measurements for a single point, insert the same value for **Step and Leg** for the measurements.

## 4.2. Data Acquisition Function - Visualization - Screen

The screen shows the acquired signal together with additional signal values. The selection buttons related to foremost useful visualization functions are also displayed.



### Velocity:

The value represents the ratio between measured time and length of the specimen or width of the object under review. The time value is automatically reduced by the selected “delay” value (see: chapter 7 page 33).

### First Break Pick Time:

Generally the value is determined in “automatic”. In case of blurred signal, it is recommended to select “manual” (see: soft-button: Threshold Setting). The value displayed is reduced by the selected “delay” value (see: chapter 7 page 33).

### Graphic Representation of the Signal:

The acquired signal is plotted with “Time” on the x-Axes and “Amplitude” on the y-Axes.

The value-scaling for the graphic’s grid for Amplitude and Time are depicted on the upper part of the graphic, together with amplification gains of the receiver system in decibel.

The activation of the function “Low Power” is also shown with the symbol “low”.


If activated, the black vertical - and the green horizontal lines represent respectively the starting point from which the “First Break Pick Time” is recorded and the “Capture Threshold” used in the “automatic mode”.

On the right side of the screen a cursor allowing varying in 6 steps the power of the transmitter when the “Low Power” Function is on.



### 4.2.1. Software Buttons

The following functions are assigned to the following buttons:

-  : Shows the “screen” related to the processing mode (see: 4.1.2 page 18).

-  :

This button is used to enable or disable the signal acquisition. The related led is lit when acquisition is “ON”.

-  :

Distance between the Receiver- and the Transmitter-Transducer, namely the width/thickness of the investigated object. Can be varied by selecting the “Leg” button.

By selecting this button the value of the distance (width/thickness of the object under review) between Receiver and Transmitter can be defined.

-  :

Stores the measurement of the actual signal (under a temporary file) and “reboots” the system for the next measurement.

To this button is associated a “led-type” light that briefly flashes when the function “store” is activated over the push-button on the transmitter.

#### Transmitter Sensor’s Remote Push-button:

The push-button on the transmitter allows the operator the handling from a remote position of the freeze - and of the store - function.

In the “**acquisition mode**” the signal acquisition is performed in continuous.

If the push-button on the transmitter is pressed once, the signal acquisition on the PDA switches from continuous to the “one shot mode”.

Every additional press-touch of the push-button activates a new signal acquisition and its visualization.

If the push-button is pressed and hold for **at least 3 sec, than when released**, the data storing function is performed, similar to the Memo” function as described above.

The “led-light” on the screen, associated to the “Memo” function, lightens-up briefly.

The continuous acquisition mode is automatically activated again.

The switch back and forth from the manual- to continuous- operational mode can only be done by performing the storing function as described above.

-  **Scaling Amplitude:**

Like in an Oscilloscope the function allows varying the mV/grid scaling for the visualization of the Amplitude. The selected scaling value is related to the input-signal only and is independent from the amplification (GAIN) selected.

**Scaling Time:**

The watch symbol activates the selection in  $\mu\text{sec}$  or  $\text{msec/division}$  of the time scale represented. Should a selected scaling be wider than the selected acquisition time, than the software automatically rescales the scaling factor. When the selection is set to “**automatic**” the presentation scale is automatically resetted in order to visualize the whole signal.

**Threshold setting:**

Drop-down menu allowing selecting between automatic- or manual-mode the reading mode of the First Break Pick Time of the compression waves P.

- **Show Cursor:** Enables or disables the cursors related to the trigger point and to the time measured.
- **Manual Measurement:** Allows selecting directly on the graphic the “First Break Pick reading point”. By using a zoom function the reading can be rendered more precisely.
- **Automatic Measurement:** The automatic computation of the First Break pick reading point is activated. The calculated offset is deducted from the visualized signal. (see: Capture Errore. L'origine riferimento non è stata trovata. “Errore. L'origine riferimento non è stata trovata.” page Errore. Il segnalibro non è definito.)

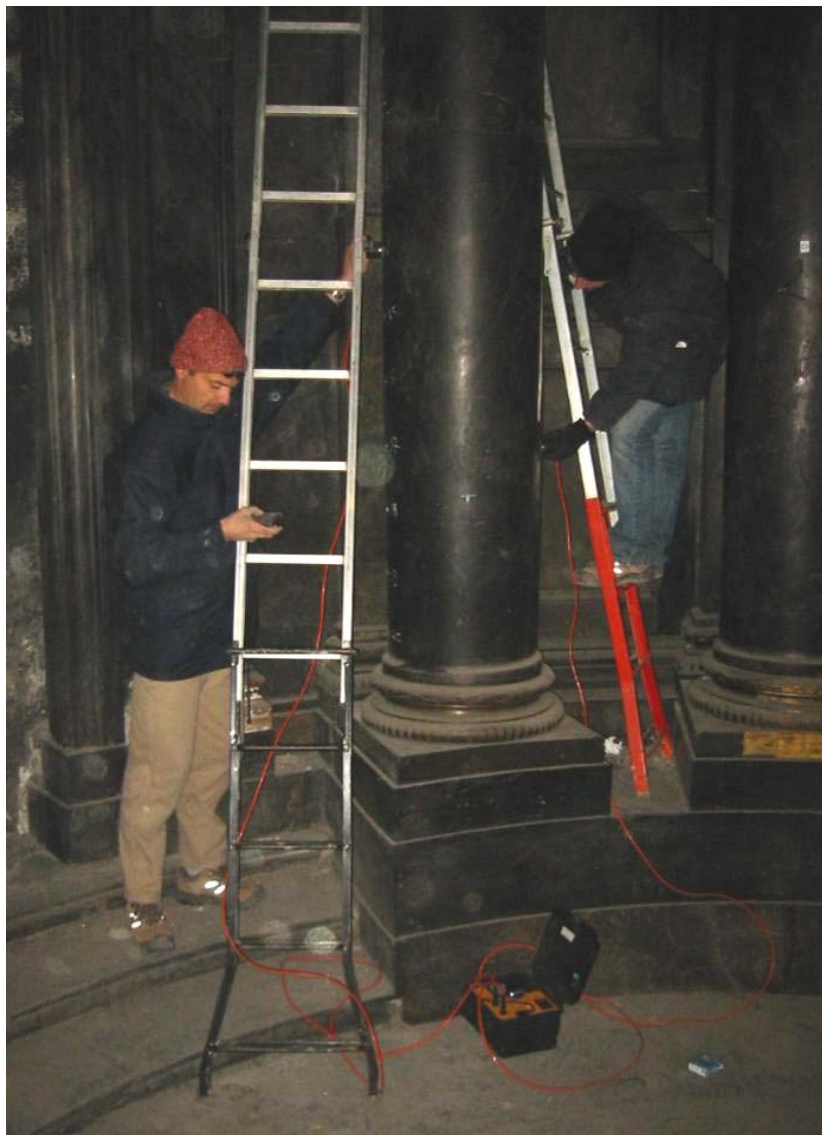
**Zoom:**

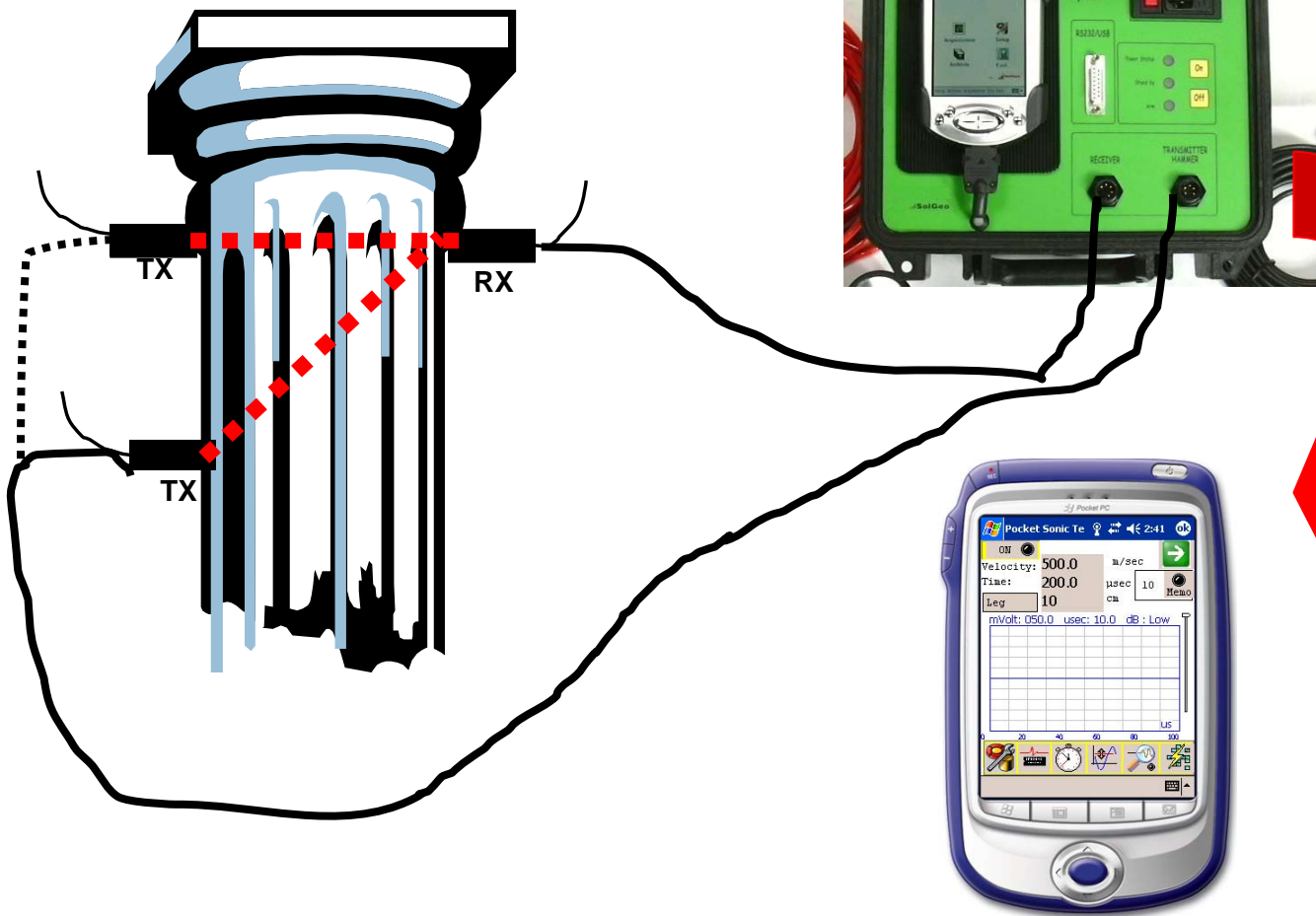
The zoom function allows a more precise display of the signal at the First Break Pick point. Therefore offers a better verification possibility of the correctness of the measured data. The zoom function is “switched-off” when the button is selected again.

**Gain:**

Allows to select the gain of the amplification of the receiver transducer’s signal and to select the “Low Power” function.


### Measurements example

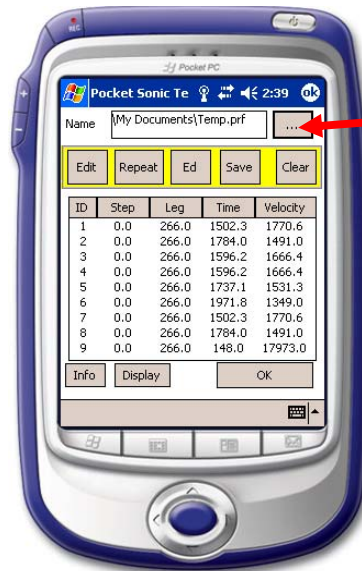




### 4.3. EDIT and SAVING of the data

To EDIT a profile already stored:

- Select the icon  (i.e. loading the data from the Archive)



.....loading data from ARCHIVE...



**The window shown allows selecting the file-directory and displays a file-list with extension compatible to the program.**

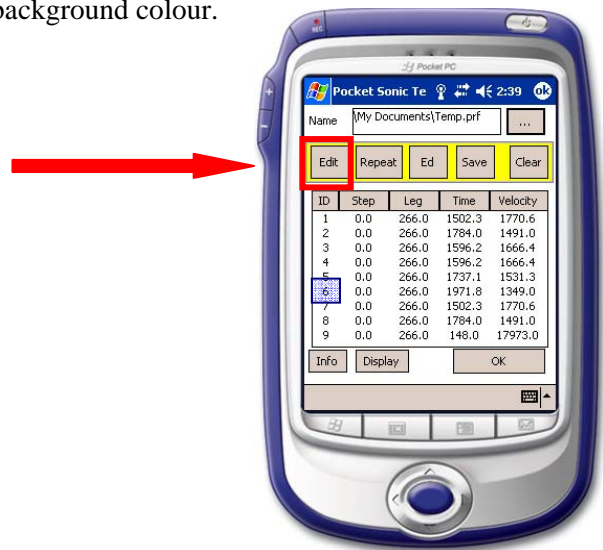
By “pointing” with the PDA-pen the name of a file, all related data will be loaded into a temporary acquisition file.

- The profile is loaded into temporary files
- Adjourn the data
- SAVE Data under the same or a new name

#### 4.3.1. EDIT- Command

To edit data of a measurement:

- Select with the PDA-pen the index ID of the measurement.
- The index ID will be highlighted with a blue background colour.
- Select the **EDIT** button



After this step, a numerical keyboard will be displayed to insert the distance between sensors. (LEG)



Select the OK button to confirm the new entry

....automatically a new numerical keyboard will be displayed  
.... The **STEP** of the measurements has to be defined.....



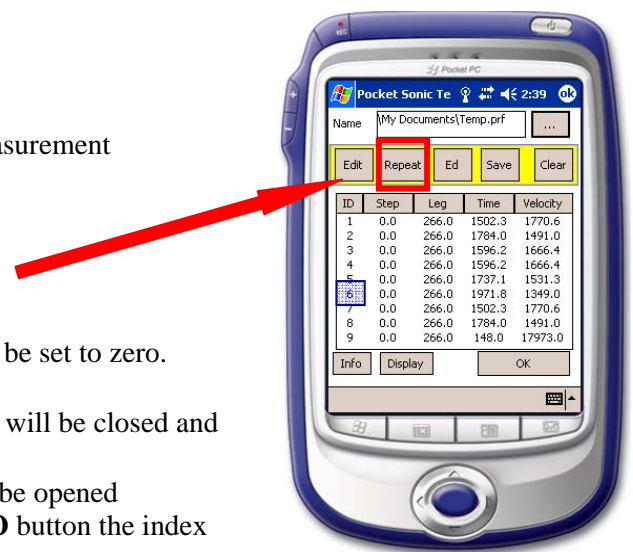
Select the OK button to confirm the new entry.

At the end of this procedure all new values will be displayed on the data management screen.

#### 4.3.2. REPEAT - Command

To **repeat** a measurement:

- Point with the PDA-pen the index **ID** of the measurement
- The index ID will be highlighted in blue
- Select the button **REPEAT**
- The previous values for **Time** and **Velocity** will be set to zero.
- Select the **OK** button, the display of the profiles will be closed and
- The Visualization Screen (see 4.2 page 20) will be opened  
Within the acquisition menu, next to the **MEMO** button the index of the measurement to be repeated is displayed.  
After having repeated and stored the measurement, the index will position itself automatically on the following position after the last measurement recorded into the table.



**Note:**

When selecting the “ON”-button, the error box can be displayed with the message: “Processing Mode!!”, than :

- Quit the error box
- Close the screen by pressing OK on the upper right corner
- Restart the Menu: “ACQUISITION” (see chapter 4 page 14)

### 4.3.3. Ed - Command

By selecting this function the menu for the computation of the **dynamic Young-Module Ed** is accessible.

The computation can be done by taking into account either the average velocity of the whole measurements profile or a single velocity value.

To make the computation it is mandatory to insert the related material density parameters (g/cm<sup>3</sup>) and the Poisson Coefficient.

The value of Ed is expressed in MPa.



The computed values as well as the selected parameters are stored in the file header of the profile file (FILENAME.prf) and are displayed again for control purposes when the command “SAVE” is selected.

**It is only possible to change them by entering the computation menu “Ed” again.**



#### 4.3.4. INFO - Command

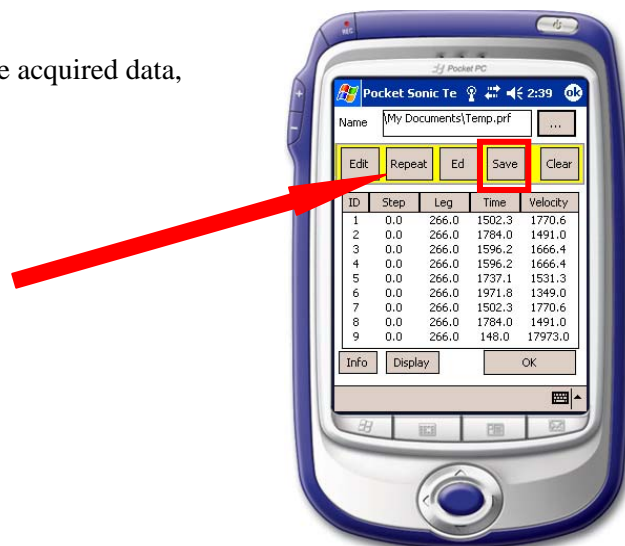
This function allows reviewing after the saving of the data, the file header of the profile file (FILENAME.prf) with the parameters used to compute the dynamic Young Module Ed. In the **Note-Box** alphanumeric text to qualify the measurement can be introduced.



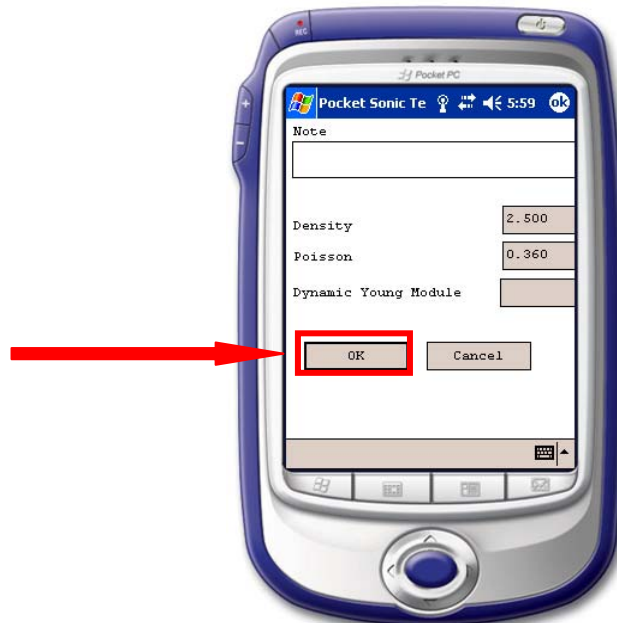
To leave select **OK** or **Cancel**

#### 4.3.5. SAVE - Command

This command allows saving and naming the acquired data, stored in temporary files.



.....To continue press **OK**.....



The next display-box allows to select:



- **The name**  
Under which the measurement profile shall be saved. The PocketSonic program will automatically add a progressive number to the measurement ID. This will allow identifying all files in which the digitalized signal for every measured point is stored.
- **The folder**  
Under which all data of the profile are contained.
- **The type, or file extension**  
It cannot be modified.
- **The Location**  
The saving path or type of storage device used. As internal resources storage device can be selected: Main memory or external storage expansions, like Memory Stick SD or Compact Flash if available...

Selecting **SAVE** the data will be saved and the **temp.prf** file is copied to the file “**FILENAME.prf**”  
All files related to the stored signal are converted to the new name: “**FILENAME<sub>n</sub>\_ID<sub>n</sub>.prs**”.

#### 4.3.6. CLEAR - Command

By selecting the CLEAR button **all temporary files are cleared!!**.

#### 4.3.7. DISPLAY - Command

This function allows reviewing and changing the values of the signal previously stored.

The profile data display will be substituted by the display of the signal selected in the **Processing Mode** with the same procedure as described under paragraph: 4.3.1 page 26

It is therefore possible to:

- Change the scale for TIME and AMPLITUDE
- Activate the ZOOM function
- Change the **DISTANCE** (leg) value

The signal acquisition function is disabled. By selecting the ON-button the message-box “**Processing Mode!!!**” will be displayed, indicating that the mode in use is not compatible with the “**New Signal Acquisition Mode**”.

To return to the “**Processing Mode**” Screen select:  .

Once in the “Processing Mode” Screen, it allows the selection of another measurements point or to restore the normal data acquisition mode (**OK** function) without modifying the data stored.

## 5. Archive-Detail Function

Allows accessing the data of the profiles, editing them and storing them in a file. Further information are to be found under 4.1.2

## 6. “EXIT” Function

Select this option to end executing the program. **Do not use the button “X” in the top right corner to end executing the program;** in this case the program would be still executing in the background with the consequence that all resources used would not be freed-up. This might cause operational problems. In the event that this “faulty” operational mode should incur, the best viable solution is to (HARDWARE) “RESET” of the PDA.

The importance of the above described switch-off sequence is because of the fact that a Bluetooth connection is in use which can only be terminated by shutting-down the serial I/O’s before terminating the program execution itself.

Switch-off the CMS Central Unit only after having executed the above described sequence.



## 7. Configurations & Info function

### Note:

Configurations are set based on tests with calibrated specimen at SolGeo's Quality Control Department. (QCD)

Should the need occur for changing the set values, than select "configurations" on the lower menu-bar: (see 3.1.3 page 12).

### .....selecting Configurations (CALIBRATION &/or Changing Configuration)

This function allows setting the calibration and computation parameters:



#### (piezoelectric) System Delay (µsec)

The First Break Pick reading, either automatic or manual, is adjusted by the value inserted in this field. The value to be inserted (calibration of the Unit) is depending on the transducer used and is determined by differencing the time recorded in a measurement with the time measured in a certified probe of the same material.

#### Hammer Delay (µsec)

The Hammer Delay value is normally -20. This value is preset at SolGeo's QCD.

### **Capture Threshold (mV)**

When used in “Automatic Capture Mode”, intercepts the measured signal in a point as close as possible to the x-Axes. From this intercept point the PocketSonic Software computes via an algorithm the First Break Pick reading of the captured signal wave. This parameter can be manually modified whilst acquiring data to further improve the determination of the First Break Pick.

### **Offset Points**

This parameter is relevant when the determination of the First Break Pick is in “Automatic Capture Mode”. It is used to compute an eventual constant offset value to be deducted from the initial segment of the acquired signal to further improve the determination of the point of First Break Pick. Generally the values used are between 10 and 50.

### **Capture Threshold Cursor**

The cursor “Capture Threshold” is displayed on the graphics. (green line parallel to x-Axes)

### **Time Cursor**

The cursor “Time” is displayed on the graphics. (black line parallel to y-Axes)

### **....selecting Info...**

Selecting the button it displays the loaded Software Release in use.

## 8. Installation of the program ActiveSync on the PDA or on the PC

Before connecting the PDA to the PC it is mandatory to install the ActiveSync Software on the PC.

## 9. “POCKET SONIC” Software - Installation

After a (hard-) RESET of the PDA the backup file to reinstall the Pocket Sonic Software can be found on the CD delivered with the equipment.

## 10. Warehousing of the Central Unit and of the PDA.

If the Central Unit is warehoused during a longer period of time, make sure that once a month the unit is powered-on in order to recharge the internal battery.

Same applies to the PDA unit. **Important:** Make sure that the PDA/Bluetooth/Universal Connector-Cable is disconnected from the PDA when the PDA is not in use.

## 11. “Datasonic System” Program

### 11.1. Preamble

The software package “Datasonic System” allows the management of data that have been transferred from the PDA to a PC .

The following data presentations are possible:

- Graphics
- Oscillogramms
- Personalized Reports for Customers

Furthermore, the software allows to:

- Review every single acquired signal
- Review the time of “First Break Pick”, the acquired data amplitudes and modifying the files.
- To compute the concrete’s resistance with the SONREB Methods by mean of sclerometric measurements.
- To compute the dynamic Young Module  $E_d$  by inserting material density and the Poisson coefficient.
- Export signals in bitmap format
- Export data in ASCII format

### 11.2. Installation of the Software onto a PC

Insert the by-packaged CD-Rom into the PC.

If the CD does not boot automatically, than use the **SETUP** program and follow the instructions.

Before connecting the PDA for the first time to the PC, install the **ACTIVE SYNC** Software (see 3.3.3.3.)

Define with the ACTIVE SYNC a data transfer path between PC and PDA, also for the PDA “File Folder” in addition to the other options, like: contacts, activities, etc.

After this, launch the **DATA SONIC System**.

### 11.3. Data Transfer

Click on the icon “Datasonic” in the “Datasonic” folder of the **menu START → PROGRAMS**.

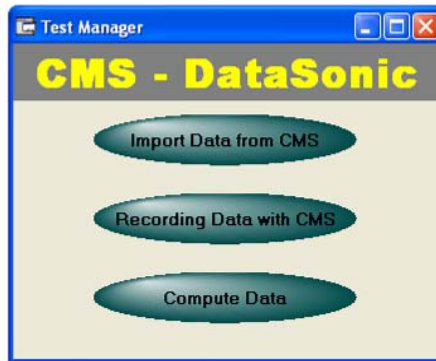
The following picture is displayed from which different options can be selected:

- **Input Data from CMS** (Down-loading the data)
- **Compute Data** (Processing and Computation of data already acquired)

The option: Data Acquisition from CMS is disabled.

This option can only be activated with a separate licence. Pls. contact your dealer or SolGeo.





After selecting **Compute Data** (Processing and Computation of data already acquired)  
 The program will prompt the user with the following “screen”, where:

- **Construction site** – meant is the main geographical reference, town, place, etc. of the measurements’ file
- **Lot** – meant is the location within the Construction site ,where various measurements profiles have been acquired.
- **Profile** – meant a unambiguous profile of measurements over n-points



After having started the program following operations have to be performed:

- Input data for the new *Construction site*
- Input data for a *Lot* within the construction site

On the PC click on the “**Import**”-button and select the directory “*PDA-name-My documents*” and all sub-directories containing all acquired profiles “\*.prf” .

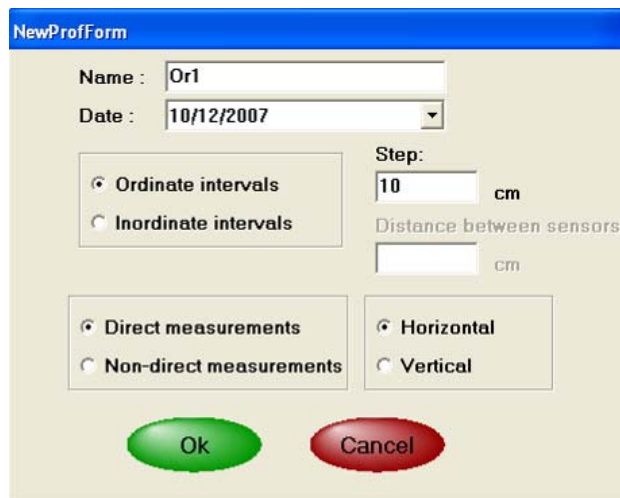
All data related to the selected profile will appear in the nearby multiline text-box.

It is also possible to down-load all data files (“\*.prf “ & “\*.prs”) onto the PC.

By clicking on the “Export” – button all profile stored can be exported to “text.format: \*.txt”

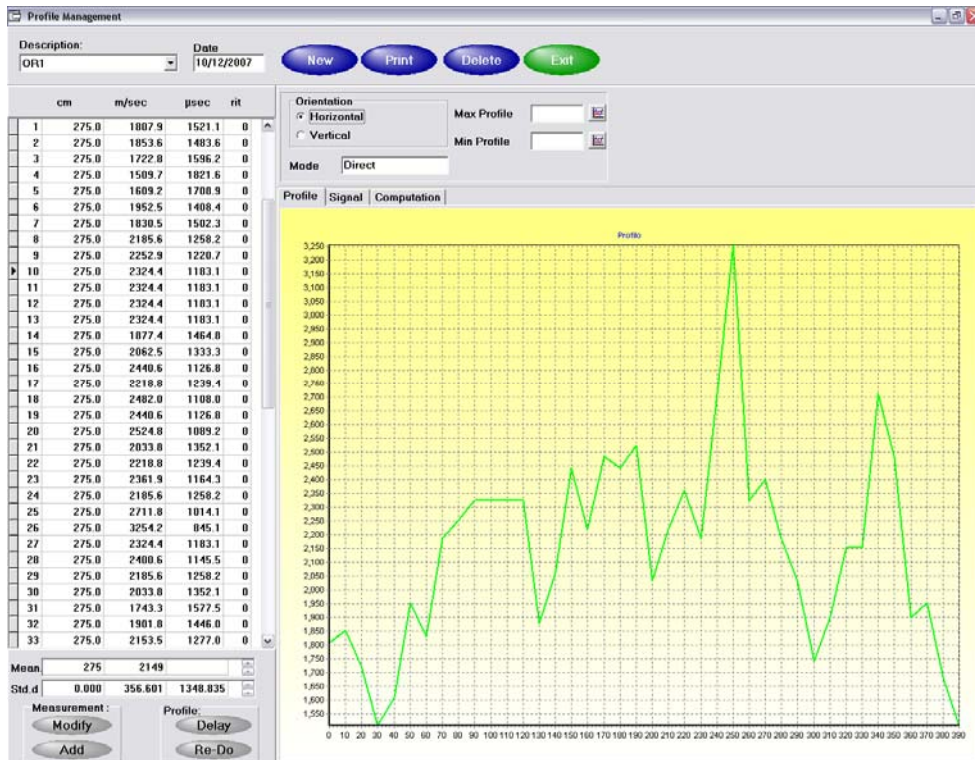
Select one profile at the time and press the “**Memo**” button.

- A window will be opened and the file can be renamed the measurement distance between adjacent points can be defined as well as the orientation vertical or horizontal of the profile.

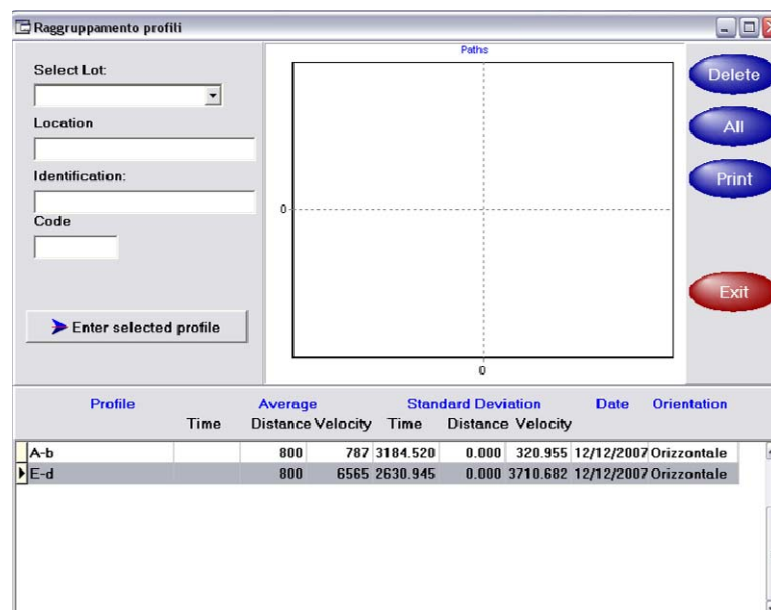


**After this the file can be saved. (OK)**

Once all relevant profiles have been selected click on the button: “**Detail**” and all profiles will be shown in a single graph:



Similarly, if the button: “**Grouping**” is selected; selected profiles can be added or dragged with the mouse (by clicking twice on the profile and by keeping the right button pressed) to the graph.

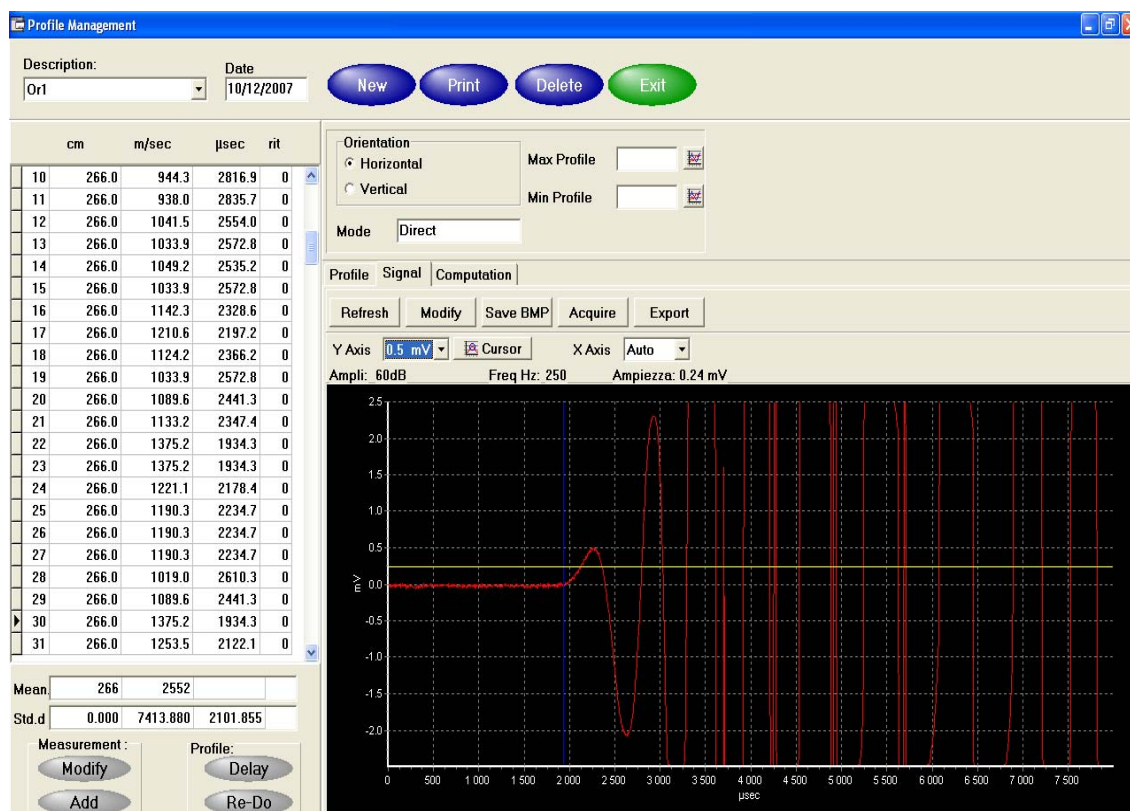


Within the **Profile Management** screen, following options are available:

### “Signal” :

all acquired signals can be reviewed, the scaling can be changed at wish and the point of the First Break Time can be zoomed by opening a zooming-window with the left mouse-button.

By dragging in the right direction the selected area will be enlarged; by dragging in the left direction the enlarged area will be scaled back to original size.



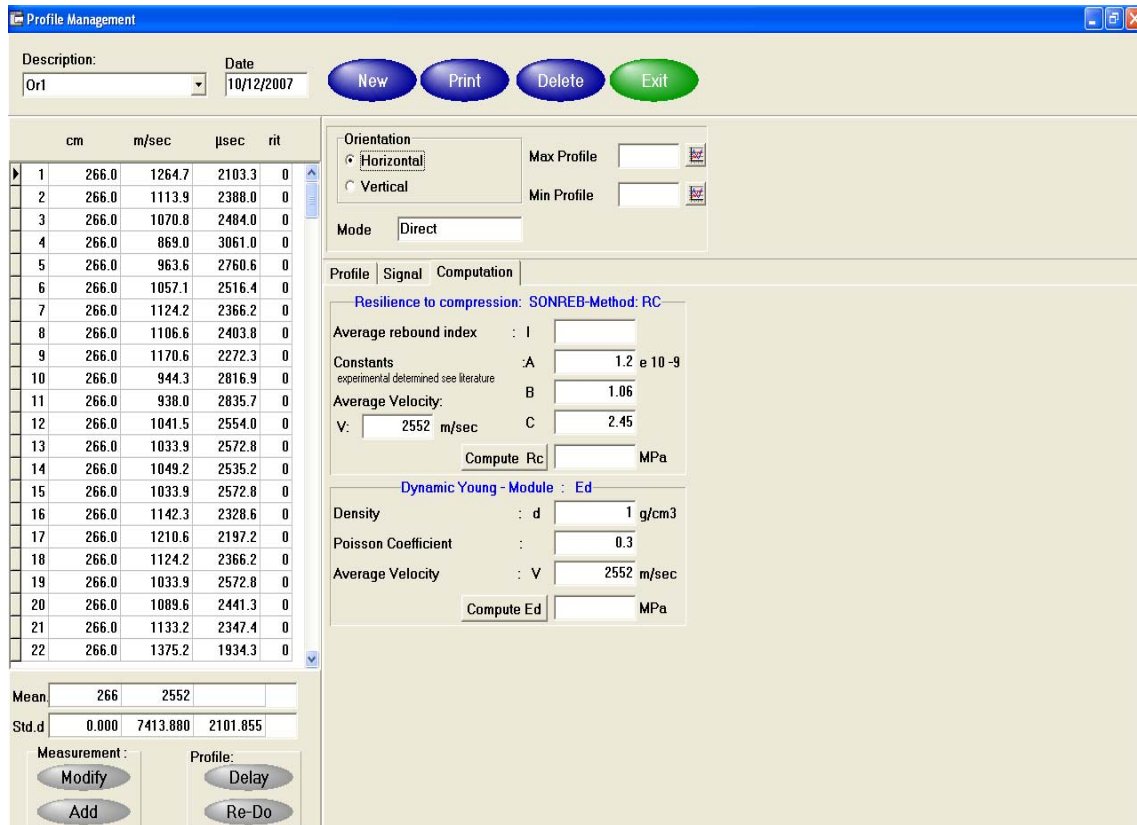
Within the “Signal” option, other options available are:

- **“Refresh”** : the cursor will position itself again on the original First break Point determined at the moment of data acquisition. (The SONIC POCKET PDA-Software allows the First Break point to be manually or automatically determined.)
- **“Modify”** : the cursor value can be modified and overwritten. A vertical dimension line (blue) is displayed with the help of which the value of the original First break Point will be accurately determined.
- **“Cursor”** : on the right-side of the box containing the y-axes value, an horizontal dimension line (yellow) is displayed with the help of which the amplitude of the original receiver signal will be accurately determined. The amplitude value is represented in “absolute terms”, i.e. that the value is not related to the amplification coefficient selected at the time of data acquisition. Allowing thus the comparison in absolute terms of the acquired signals, their amplitudes and their loss.
- **EXPORT**: the data related to the displayed wave-shape are converted into an ASCII data-file allowing the import into commercial software applications.

- “**Save BMP**” : the data will be available in a Bitmap format.

### “**Computation**” :

The dynamic YOUNG-Module Ed and the resilience of concrete with the SONREB Method can be computed.



The screenshot shows the 'Profile Management' window. It features a table with 22 rows of data and several control panels. The table has columns for 'cm', 'm/sec', 'µsec', and 'rit'. The right-hand side contains 'Orientation' (Horizontal/Vertical), 'Mode' (Direct), and two calculation sections: 'Resilience to compression: SONREB-Method: RC' and 'Dynamic Young - Module : Ed'. Each section has input fields for various parameters and a 'Compute' button.

	cm	m/sec	µsec	rit
1	266.0	1264.7	2103.3	0
2	266.0	1113.9	2388.0	0
3	266.0	1070.8	2484.0	0
4	266.0	869.0	3061.0	0
5	266.0	963.6	2760.6	0
6	266.0	1057.1	2516.4	0
7	266.0	1124.2	2366.2	0
8	266.0	1106.6	2403.8	0
9	266.0	1170.6	2272.3	0
10	266.0	944.3	2816.9	0
11	266.0	938.0	2835.7	0
12	266.0	1041.5	2554.0	0
13	266.0	1033.9	2572.8	0
14	266.0	1049.2	2535.2	0
15	266.0	1033.9	2572.8	0
16	266.0	1142.3	2328.6	0
17	266.0	1210.6	2197.2	0
18	266.0	1124.2	2366.2	0
19	266.0	1033.9	2572.8	0
20	266.0	1089.6	2441.3	0
21	266.0	1133.2	2347.4	0
22	266.0	1375.2	1934.3	0

Mean: 266    2552  
Std.d: 0.000    7413.880    2101.855

By selecting the button “**New**” a data profile can be manually introduced

By selecting the button “**Print**” a print-out report of the data profile can be obtained.

Header and Footer Comments can be defined and personalized by:

- selecting among: “text”, “graphic” for the Header
- and “Footer-Graphic” for the Footer.

This report format can only be globally selected from the drop-down menu bar in the opening page of the “**COMPUTE DATA**” Mode.

By selecting the button “**Delete**” singular profiles or entire measurements group can be deleted.

By selecting “**EXIT**”, the program resets itself at the initial screen.